

Green Chemistry

- ① Define Atom Economy. What is the significance of Atom Economy?
- ② How can Green Chemistry be useful at different stages of life cycle of a product?
- ③ List out the 12 principles of Green Chemistry. Explain any three with examples.

Industrial Effluents of Dairy & Textile Industries

- ① Waste waters from dairy industry need biological treatment. Why?
- ② What is sludge and how is it treated?
- ③ What do you understand by aerobic and anaerobic digestion?
- ④ At what different steps of processing does the textile industry pollute the environment?
- ⑤ How can this pollution be taken care of or prevented?

Industrial Effluents from Petroleum and Agro Industries

- ① At what different levels of processing does petro-chemical industry produce waste waters?
- ② What are the major pollutants present in this waste water and how can they be removed?
- ③ Right from production to dissipation how do the different agricultural products contaminate water?
- ④ What are the methods applied to treat agricultural waste waters?

## Borax

① Explain how borax may be used as:

a) water softener

b) buffer

c) In medicines

2) How is borax manufactured?

3) Borax is a polysborate, illustrate with its structure.

## Chlorine Gas

① What are the advantages and disadvantages of diaphragm cell electrolysis method of chlorine production? How are these disadvantages taken care of in membrane cell electrolysis method?

② List different applications of chlorine. With equations explain how chlorine is used to disinfect water.

③ Give the methods of storing chlorine safely and write the hazards associated with it.